# CDOP Briefing Paper 9: July 2017

This paper captures points of interest that have arisen via communications from within the National CDOP Network since our last CDOP meeting:

. **Update from National CDOP Network – Working Together Guidance and National Database**

There have been some rumours circulating recently that suggest that the National Database project has been halted permanently. We have sought an official update from the National Network who have told us the following *“ The national CDOP database has been put on hold temporarily while HQIP resolves some issues with the procurement process. We expect that the opportunity to bid for the national database will be re-published later this year”*

As regards the the new Working Together guidance, we have been told that this is being worked on at the moment and publication is now expected later this year or early next year. The understanding of the National Network is that it will be a very comprehensive new document with a lot more prescription about what to do than in previous versions. The steering committee of the National CDOP Network have not seen a draft yet but will keep us updated.

**Public Health England: Health Protection Report (23 June 2017)**

Measles outbreaks across Europe and the start of the summer festival season

There are currently several large measles outbreaks across Europe, with Romania and Italy being the worst affected countries. The World Health Organization (WHO) Regional Office for Europe has warned that this threatens progress towards elimination and urged national authorities to maximize efforts to achieve and/or sustain at least 95% coverage with two doses of measles, mumps, rubella (MMR) vaccine to prevent circulation in the event of an importation [1]. In response, the National Travel Health Network and Centre issued a reminder to travellers to ensure they are up to date with their MMR vaccination [2]. All WHO Regions have set targets for measles elimination by 2020 and although much progress has been made globally measles remains endemic in many countries [3].

Between 1 July 2016 and 31 May 2017 in England there were 27 confirmed measles importations, with limited onward transmission mainly among unimmunised or under-immunised household contacts (at least eight cases). Fourteen of the England importations were linked to travel within Europe, with Romania contributing the largest number of cases (eight of the 14 cases). Further importations to England are expected over the summer period with increasing travel to and from Europe and the rest of the world. Also, PHE has previously reported 52 confirmed measles cases linked to music and arts festivals in England and Wales in 2016 [4]. Nearly half of these cases were among 15-19 year-olds. Several individuals who acquired measles at one festival that year subsequently attended another festival while infectious, resulting in multiple, interlinked outbreaks. Transmission within festivals resulted in a geographical spread of cases nationally as well as internationally.

**Public Health South East - Reducing Child Mortality Infographics report - Request for data**

 Ahead of the combined Surrey, Kent, Sussex CDOP event in November, Surrey CDOP has asked Public Health South East to develop an equivalent report  to the ‘Reducing Child Mortality Infographics report’ which was developed for London for the South East.

Surrey have now received the South East version which includes Surrey, Sussex and Kent data however on page 16 regarding SUDI deaths it does not list alcohol as a risk factor. In Surrey they have had a number of cases where alcohol has been identified as a risk factor in SUDI cases. We have been asked to provide data for Sussex, for the total number of SUDI deaths where alcohol is a risk factor, and then the data from across Surrey, Sussex and Kent will be used to generate an appropriate infographic which will be anonymised and added to the report.

**Publication of Reports of Interest to the Panel**

Preventing unintentional injuries – A guide for all staff working with children under the age of 5 years. Published by Public Health England in Feb 2017.

[**https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/unintentional-injuries-prevention-in-children-under-5-years**](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/unintentional-injuries-prevention-in-children-under-5-years)

Maggie Pugh, CDOP Officer

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