

# West Sussex Safeguarding Children Partnership – Thresholds/Continuum of need matrix

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Children whose needs are fully met and thrive. Services open to all

#### LEVEL 2

Children with some emerging needs

Consent required to access services

#### LEVEL 3

Children with multiple complex needs
Consent required to access services

### LEVEL 4

Children with acute needs including those in need of protection

Consent required unless immediate

Consent required unless immediate safeguarding concern

## **Developmental Needs - Health**

- ~ Meeting developmental milestones.
- ~ Child appears healthy with age-appropriate development, including speech and language.
- ~ All child's health needs are met by the parents or the family's wider support network.
- ~ Developmental checks/immunisations up to date or declined with parental understanding.
- ~ Has access and makes use of appropriate health and health advice services appropriate to the needs of the child (no missed health appointments family are aware of and following health advice, registered with a GP has had dental and opticians appointments in line with national recommendations).

- ~ Child rarely accesses appropriate health and health advice services; not brought to universal appointments or routinely missing specialist health appointments.
- ~ Slow in reaching expected development milestones impacting on their day-to-day experiences.
- ~ Overdue immunisations or health checks.
- ~ Minor health problems.
- ~ Inadequate diet e.g. no breakfast, being under/overweight.
- ~ Inappropriate weaning, too early/too late.
- ~ Inadequate general hygiene.
- ~ Mother not attending some antenatal appointments.
- ~ Dental problems and untreated decay poor dental hygiene.
- ~ Bedwetting or soiling.
- ~ Experiment with tobacco, alcohol and illegal drugs.
- ~ Parent has undergone Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) procedure, but risk assessment undertaken by health professionals identifies there is not a perceived risk of the child being subject to the procedure.
- ~ Concern of self-harm (including substance misuse) Child is accessing social media sites about self-harm; expressed thoughts of self-harm but not acted on this.
- ~ Parent has physical or mental health issues and is requesting support for themselves.
- ~ Child low in mood, feeling alone or presenting as unhappy or misunderstood.
- ~ Hygiene has some effect on child's personal presentation.

- ~ There is no evidence that the child has accessed health and health advice services and suffers chronic and recurrent health problems as a result.
- Child has some chronic/recurring health problems or a disability; inappropriately managed; may include some cases of perplexing presentations/medical neglect.
- ~ Developmental milestones unlikely / not being met due to parental care.
- ~ Poor personal hygiene problems impacting on the child's presentation and health.
- ~ Regular substance misuse that is impacting on the child's lived experience.
- ~ Increasing concern regarding the child's diet or development infant /child appears to have poor growth Falling 2 centile ranges or more without an apparent health problem.
- ~ Unsafe sexual activity and/or Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs).
- ~ Harmful sexual behaviours refer to Ofsted continuum.
- ~ Emerging mental health condition e.g. conduct disorder, ADHD, anxiety, depression, eating disorder, self-harming.
- ~ Some emerging concern regarding unborn baby and mother attending antenatal services inconsistently.
- ~ Parent has undergone, (FGM) procedure but risk of child being subject to procedure is unknown and needs to be further assessed within partnership (National Risk Assessment for FGM).
- ~ Growing professional concern about fabricated and induced illness and some perplexing presentations but there is no current evidence of significant harm.
- ~ Teenage pregnancy consider and age/ maturity/ consent and social circumstances.

- ~ Serious physical and emotional health concerns that are consistently not addressed by the parent e.g. failure to thrive, seriously obese/underweight, serious dental decay, persistent and high-risk substance misuse, acute mental health problems including self-harming behaviour, risk of suicide, child sexual exploitation and specific physical or medical conditions which require specialist interventions.
- ~ The child has complex health problems which are attributable to lack of access to health services . Carer is denying professional staff access to the child putting them at risk of harm.
- ~ Concern about serious unexplained injury.
- ~ Developmental milestones not met consistently and is impacting on the child's development.
- ~ Persistent presentation to professionals with concerning injuries: Raising concerns about child safety/ parental behaviour.
- ~ Child is at serious risk of FGM/travel arrangements, seeking doctor, seeking finance for procedure.
- ~ Professional concern about fabricated and induced illness and there is evidence of significant harm.
- ~ Hygiene problems directly affecting the health and development of the child.



LEVEL 1 Children whose needs are fully met and thrive. Services open to all	Children with some emerging needs Consent required to access services	LEVEL 3 Children with multiple complex needs Consent required to access services	LEVEL 4 Children with acute needs including those in need of protection Consent required unless immediate safeguarding concern
	Developinental Neeus .	- Learning and Education	
~ General development is age appropriate.  ~ Regular access to books and toys, play.  ~ Working at the expected educational standard.  ~ Child fully attending school and achieving.  ~ Good attendance at nursery/college/training.  ~ Planned progression beyond statutory school age.  ~ Child home schooled and no concerns.	<ul> <li>Limited access to books, toys, the internet or educational materials.</li> <li>Poor stimulation.</li> <li>Identified language and communication difficulties.</li> <li>SEN support at school level.</li> <li>Some learning or disability needs that require support.</li> <li>Concerning attendance patters leading to risk of Persistent Absence/has had some Fixed term exclusions from school.</li> <li>Occasional truanting or non-attendance and poor punctuality.</li> <li>Persistent late arrival/absent /truanting from school.</li> <li>Pattern of school absences.</li> <li>Not always engaged in learning – poor concentration, low motivation and interest.</li> <li>Caring responsibilities are impacting on the ability to concentrate and learn – Young Carer.</li> <li>Not making educational progress despite support.</li> <li>Some fixed term exclusions or reduced timetable.</li> <li>Some emerging concerns for a child/ young person being home schooled.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Persistent short-term exclusions or at risk of permanent exclusion.</li> <li>Primary aged children at risk of exclusion from school due to persistent and escalating behaviours.</li> <li>Persistent poor school attendance and punctuality.</li> <li>Children who are home schooled where there are concerns that their educational needs are not being consistently met.</li> <li>Parent does not engage with school and actively resists support.</li> <li>Missing school due to caring responsibilities - Young carers.</li> <li>Special Education Needs (SEN) not being appropriately met.</li> <li>No access to books, toys, internet or educational materials and inadequate stimulation leading to developmental concerns.</li> <li>NEET (Not in Education, Employment or Training).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chronic non-attendance, truanting, permanent exclusions, consistently poor educational attainment/progress, which are attributable to the parenting that the child is receiving.</li> <li>The parent has consistently failed to cooperate with services at the Early Help level to address learning/education and there is evidence to show this impacting on a child's lived experience.</li> <li>Children who are home schooled where there are significant concerns that the child's educational needs are not being met.</li> </ul>
	Developmental Needs - Social and em	notional presentation/behaviour/identity	
<ul><li>Feelings/ actions demonstrate appropriate responses.</li><li>Ability to express needs.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Difficulty making and sustaining relationships with peers and with family.</li><li>Social isolation.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Low or medium level indicators of Child Exploitation (please see CSE risk assessment guidance and strategy).</li> <li>Starting to commit offences and reoffend / regularly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Serious persistent offending behaviour.</li> <li>Allegations of child-on-child sexual harmful behaviour refer to Ofsted continuum.</li> </ul>

- ~ Able to adapt to change.
- ~ Able to demonstrate empathy, feelings of belonging and acceptance.
- ~ Positive sense of self and abilities.
- ~ Good mental health and psychological wellbeing.
- ~ Confident in social situations.

- ~ Lack of positive role models.
- ~ Exhibits antisocial/anti authoritarian behaviour.
- ~ The child has a mild mental health condition which affects their everyday functioning but can be managed within education and health services, parents are engaged with services in addressing these needs.
- $\sim$  Children involved in bullying/may experience bullying or low-level cyber bullying.

- ~ Starting to commit offences and reoffend / regularly coming to Police notice for criminal behaviour.
- ~ Child lacks empathy.
- $\sim$  Child is engaging in cyber activity that potentially places others or themselves at risk of harm.
- ~ Evidence of regular/frequent drug use which may be combined with other risk factors.
- ~ Concerns regarding peer groups.

- ~ Subject to peer/gang culture and pressure.
- ~ Serious concerns that the child is being sexually exploited (based on risk assessment evidence).
- ~ Child under 16 is pregnant where there are significant social family concerns.
- ~ Safety and welfare seriously compromised by criminal exploitation.



- Early orset of sexual activity or at risk of teenage Pregnancy.  - Has developed appropriate values and ability to regulate their emotions.  - Child subject to persistent discrimination.  - Child subject to persistent discrimination.  - Parameter affects a significant mental health physical needs showing signs of impact on the care of the child.  - Escalating level of concern of low self-esteem and confidence affecting emotional presentation, behavior and identity.  - Child subject to persistent discrimination.  - Parameter and concern of low self-esteem and confidence affecting emotional presentation, behavior and identity.  - Child subject to descrimination or q. ancial, sexual orientation, - Parameter and confidence affecting emotional presentation, behavior and identity.  - Child sea significant mental health condition which applicant mental health condition which app				
- Escalating level of concern of low self-esteem and confidence affecting emotional presentation, behaviour and identify.  - Child has a significant mental health conflored in which agendantly attention in the community.  - Subject to floatinimation e.g. radials, assual orientation, gender identify or disabilities.  - Sudden discontinuation e.g. radials, assual orientation, gender identify or disabilities.  - Sudden discontinuation e.g. radials, assual orientation, gender identify or disabilities.  - Sudden discontinuation e.g. radials, assual orientation, gender identify or disabilities.  - Sudden discontinuation e.g. radials, assual orientation, gender identify or disabilities.  - Sudden discontinuation e.g. radials, assual orientation, gender identify or disabilities.  - Sudden displacement of the provision of the concerns around exploitation.  - EVEL 1  Children with some emorpring needs Consent required to access services  Children with multiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with acute model in children behaviour difficulties.  - Provision of difficulties and the part of the consent required to access services  Consent required to access services  Children with acute model in children behaviour and independence  - Lack of age-appropriate behaviour and independence  - Lack of age-appropriate behaviour and independent living skills that increase vulnerability.  - Lack of age-appropriate behaviour and independent living skills likely to result in significant rearri.  - Supportive facilitionships with sbilings.  - Stable families where parents/carers are able to most the child's product.  - Coord relationships with sbilings.  - Possitive relationships with sbilings.  - Parents literase has the earth of the child's investigation of th	antisocial behaviour.  ~ Knowledgeable about sex and relationships and consistent use of contraception if sexually active.  ~ Has developed appropriate values and ability to	~ Early onset of sexual activity or at risk of teenage pregnancy.  ~ Lack of confidence/low self-esteem which affects behaviour and development.	<ul> <li>Evidence of gang affiliation and gang related activities – need, harm and risk beyond the family.</li> <li>Concern about child being radicalised or exposed to extremism.</li> <li>Parental mental health/physical needs showing signs of</li> </ul>	~ Frequently go missing from home which seriously compromises the child's safety and wellbeing.  ~ Child emotional health and physical safety is compromised by exposure to radicalisation and extremist
Children with some emerging needs Consent required to access services  Children with multiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with multiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Children with access services  Children with nultiple complex needs Consent required to access services  Child services  - Lack of age-appropriate behaviour and independent living skills likely to result in significant encounts and independent living skills the increase vulnerability.  - Exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence.  - Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  - Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  - Parental illiness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  - Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does not result in significant emotional or physical harm.  - Imappropriate leak of pare			confidence affecting emotional presentation, behaviour and identity.  ~ Child has a significant mental health condition which significantly affects their everyday functioning and requires specialist intervention in the community.  ~ Subject to discrimination e.g. racial, sexual orientation, gender identity or disabilities.  ~ Sudden display of unexplained gifts / clothing combined	<ul> <li>Child is engaging in cyber activity that places them at risk of harm from others and is not managed by the parent.</li> <li>Prosecution of offences resulting in court orders/remand in Local Authority care.</li> <li>Family breakdown related to child's behaviour difficulties.</li> <li>Persistent but unsubstantiated concerns about</li> </ul>
- Age-appropriate self-care skills and able to display age-appropriate self-care skills and independent living skills that increase vulnerability.  - Lack of age-appropriate behaviour and independent living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.  - Inappropriate weaning, too early/too late.  Family and social relationships  - Stable families where parents/carers are able to meet the child's needs.  - Good relationships with siblings.  - Parents/carers have relationship difficulties which affect the child (e: parental acrimony).  - Supportive relationships with peers.  - Supportive family relationships ween when parents are separated.  - Child is provided with a safe, emotionally warm, supportive relationships and stable family environment providing consistent boundaries and guidance, Meeting developmental milestones to the best of their  - Housing instability  - Lack of age-appropriate behaviour and independent living skills likely to result in significant living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.  - Lack of age-appropriate behaviour and independent living skills likely to result in significant living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.  - Inappropriate weaning, too early/too late.  - Emerging pattern of exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence.  - Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  - Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  - Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  - Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  - Parental illness or disability appropriate behaviour and independent living skills, likely to result in significant milestones and/or sexual violence.  - Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  - Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  - Parental illness or disability approved in the child's lived experience.  - Parental illness or disabil	Children whose needs are fully met and thrive.	Children with some emerging needs	Children with multiple complex needs	Children with acute needs including those in need of protection  Consent required unless immediate
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~ Stable families where parents/carers are able to meet the child's needs.	•			
meet the child's needs.  Good relationships with siblings.  Positive relationships with peers.  Supportive family relationships even when parents are separated.  Child is provided with a safe, emotionally warm, supportive relationships and stable family environment providing consistent boundaries and guidance.  Meeting developmental milestones to the best of their  members where police have been called.  Parents/carers have relationship difficulties which affect the child is provided which a register sex offender or convicted violent offender subject to Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAI moves.  Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  Child who lives in a household into which a register sex offender or convicted violent offender subject to Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAI moves.)  Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  Child who lives in a household into which a register sex offender or convicted violent offender subject to Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAI moves.)  Parent struggles to regulate emotions which is impacting the child (ren).  Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does not result in significant emotional or physical harm.  Poor attachment with primary carers with volatile relationships.	age-appropriate independence.		living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.	independent living skills likely to result in significant
the child ie: parental acrimony.  Positive relationships with peers.  Supportive family relationships even when parents are separated.  Child is provided with a safe, emotionally warm, supportive relationships and stable family environment providing consistent boundaries and guidance.  Meeting developmental milestones to the best of their  the child ie: parental acrimony.  Parent struggles to regulate emotions which is impacting the child ie: parental acrimony.  Parent struggles to regulate emotions which is impacting the child sexual exploitation.  Parent struggles to regulate emotions which is impacting the child sexual exploitation.  Poor carer  Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does not result in significant emotional or physical harm.  Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide basic care.  Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does not result in significant emotional or physical harm.  Poor attachment with primary carers with volatile relationships.	age-appropriate independence.	living skills that increase vulnerability.	living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.  ~ Inappropriate weaning, too early/too late.	independent living skills likely to result in significant
<ul> <li>Supportive family relationships even when parents are separated.</li> <li>Child is provided with a safe, emotionally warm, supportive relationships and stable family environment providing consistent boundaries and guidance.</li> <li>Meeting developmental milestones to the best of their</li> </ul> <ul> <li>Supportive family relationships even when parents the child(ren).</li> <li>Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does not result in significant emotional or physical harm.</li> <li>Family is socially isolated</li> <li>Housing instability</li> <li>Young carer responsibilities that are impacting on the relationships.</li> </ul>	~ Stable families where parents/carers are able to meet the child's needs.	Family and soc  ~ Low level verbal arguments between parents/ family members where police have been called.	living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.  ~ Inappropriate weaning, too early/too late.  cial relationships  ~ Emerging pattern of exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence.	independent living skills likely to result in significant harm.  ~ Exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence. Child who lives in a household into which a registered sex offender or convicted violent offender subject to
~ Child is provided with a safe, emotionally warm, supportive relationships and stable family environment providing consistent boundaries and guidance.  Meeting developmental milestones to the best of their  A Young carer  — Young carer  — Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does not result in significant emotional or physical harm.  — Family is socially isolated  — Housing instability  — Young carer  — Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does not result in significant emotional or physical harm.  — Poor attachment with primary carers with volatile relationships.	~ Stable families where parents/carers are able to meet the child's needs. ~ Good relationships with siblings.	Family and soc  ~ Low level verbal arguments between parents/ family members where police have been called.  ~ Parents/carers have relationship difficulties which affect the child ie: parental acrimony.	living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.  ~ Inappropriate weaning, too early/too late.  cial relationships  ~ Emerging pattern of exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence.  ~ Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.	independent living skills likely to result in significant harm.  ~ Exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence. Child who lives in a household into which a registered sex offender or convicted violent offender subject to Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA)
	<ul> <li>Stable families where parents/carers are able to meet the child's needs.</li> <li>Good relationships with siblings.</li> <li>Positive relationships with peers.</li> <li>Supportive family relationships even when parents</li> </ul>	Family and soc  ~ Low level verbal arguments between parents/ family members where police have been called.  ~ Parents/carers have relationship difficulties which affect the child ie: parental acrimony.  ~ Parent struggles to regulate emotions which is impacting	living skills, likely to impair development or compromise safety.  ~ Inappropriate weaning, too early/too late.  Sial relationships  ~ Emerging pattern of exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence.  ~ Parental conflict that is impacting on the child's lived experience.  ~ Parental illness or disability affecting ability to provide	independent living skills likely to result in significant harm.  ~ Exposure to domestic abuse and/or sexual violence. Child who lives in a household into which a registered sex offender or convicted violent offender subject to Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) moves.  ~ Risk of extra familial harm and child sexual



LEVEL 1 Children whose needs are fully met and thrive. Services open to all	~ Family history of criminal involvement relevant to current concerns.  ~ Child and parent violence that is of concern.  LEVEL 2  Children with some emerging needs  Consent required to access services	~ Instability in housing that is starting to affect the child/ young person's wellbeing.  ~ Poor family support.  LEVEL 3  Children with multiple complex needs Consent required to access services	LEVEL 4 Children with acute needs including those in need of protection
		ment and finance	Consent required unless immediate safeguarding concern
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~ Child fully supported financially.  ~ Appropriate and stable housing/amenities.  ~ Parents/carers able to manage working/ unemployment.  ~ Reasonable income over time and resources used appropriately to meet the child's needs.	<ul> <li>Overcrowding in poor housing conditions.</li> <li>Housing arrangements are temporary or unsecure which is impacting on stability within the family home.</li> <li>Unsecure or unknown immigration status that is impacting on the child's lived experience.</li> <li>Low income and financial pressures that are impacting on the family's environment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unsuitable accommodation.</li> <li>Families financial resources impact on child's basic physical needs being met.</li> <li>Parents experience stress due to unemployment or over working that are impacting on their capacity to care for their children appropriately.</li> <li>Parent(s) find it difficult to obtain employment due to poor/basic skills and this is impacting on the child's lived experience.</li> <li>Serious debt/ poverty impacts on ability to meet the child's basic needs.</li> <li>No recourse to public funds (immigration) that will need support from other agencies in order to meet a child's needs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clear evidence that a family is destitute and homeless</li> <li>Relationship between the child and carer have broken down to the extent that the child is at risk of significant harm / exposed to dangerous situations and development impaired.</li> <li>Clear evidence that a 16/17-year-old is destitute and homeless.</li> <li>Inappropriate accommodation that are impacting severely on the wellbeing of the child.</li> <li>Extreme poverty/ debt/ gambling impacting on parent's ability to care for the child.</li> <li>Deliberate avoidance of authority and intervention by professionals resulting in multiple moves impacting on the child.</li> </ul>
	Social and Com	munity Resources	
<ul> <li>Child fully supported financially.</li> <li>Appropriate and stable housing/amenities.</li> <li>Parents/carers able to manage working/unemployment.</li> <li>Reasonable income over time and resources used appropriately to meet the child's needs.</li> <li>Good social and friendship networks exist.</li> <li>Family integrated into the community.</li> <li>Safe and secure environment.</li> <li>Access to consistent and positive activities.</li> <li>Good universal services in the community.</li> </ul>	~ Families are victim of hate crime and this impacting on the child's lived experience.  ~ Negative influences from peer groups or friends.  ~ Isolated / Marginalised from the community with adverse impact on the child.  ~ Risk of exposure to exploitation.  ~ Concern the child is in a culture where harmful practices are known to have been performed however parents are opposed to the practices in respect of their children.	~ Family require support services as a result of social exclusion.  ~ Concern the child may be subject to harmful traditional practices.	<ul> <li>High levels of domestic abuse that put the child at serious risk.</li> <li>Imminent risk of parental/carer and child relationship breakdown leading to child possibly becoming looked after.</li> <li>Child is young carer, and this is significantly impacting on their development and welfare.</li> <li>There are indicators that a child is at risk of honourbased violence/abuse or forced marriage.</li> <li>Evidence the child may be subject to harmful traditional practices.</li> <li>There are indicators of active interest in terrorist activity.</li> <li>Child is subjected to physical, emotional, sexual abuse or neglect including peer on peer exploitation.</li> </ul>



LEVEL 1 Children whose needs are fully met and thrive.	LEVEL 2 Children with some emerging needs	LEVEL 3 Children with multiple complex needs	~ Family member is known to be a significant risk to children.  ~ Concerns about inter-sibling violence and aggression which does result in significant emotional or physical harm and is not managed by the parent.  ~ Child is privately fostered - Child under 16 years (or 18 if the child has a disability) (S.66 Children Act 1989) is placed for 28 days or more in the care of someone who is not the child's parent(s) or a 'connected person'.  ~ Unaccompanied minors.  ~ Trafficked children.  ~ There is nobody with parental responsibility to ensure the child's wellbeing and stability of care and this is impacting on the welfare of the child.  LEVEL 4  Children with acute needs including those in need
Services open to all	Consent required to access services	Consent required to access services	of protection  Consent required unless immediate
			safeguarding concern
	Parents and Carers - Basic	c care, safety and protection	
~ Parents/carers able to provide appropriate care for child's needs e.g. food, drink, clothing, medical and dental care.	<ul> <li>Inappropriate or inconsistent childcare arrangements impacting the child.</li> <li>Problematic concerns about parental alcohol or substance</li> </ul>	~ Patterns are emerging that the child is left at home alone, but this does not seriously place them at significant risk (consider age and vulnerability).	~ Parents mental health or substance misuse seriously compromises the health, welfare and safety of the child, including unborn child.
~ Protect from danger elements or significant harm in the home/ elsewhere.	use.  ~ First time parents requiring additional support.	~ Previously child/ren in care, concerns that additional support might be required to meet child/ren's needs.	~ Parent has a history of being unable to care for previous children.
~ Restrict/ monitors internet access appropriately.  ~ Carer does not have any additional needs which	~ Exposure to dangerous situation in or outside the family home including online violent and/or extremist websites or	~ Parent is a Care Leaver and may require additional support to meet child/ren's needs.	~ Previous child/ren in care, support will be required to meet child/ren's needs.
would impact parenting capacity.	influences.	~ Inappropriate childcare arrangements which are impacting on the child's safety and welfare.	~ Parent is a Care Leaver and support will be required to meet child/ren's needs.
	<ul> <li>Parental decision/ stressors have some impact on the child's safety.</li> <li>Needs of carers are affecting the parents ability to offer</li> </ul>	~ Health and safety hazards in the home that are placing the child at risk of harm.	~ Parent has a severe physical or learning difficulty that seriously compromises their ability to meet their child's basic needs.
	some aspects of the child's day to day needs.  ~ Requires advice on complex parenting issues.	~ Parent not actively preventing the child's exposure to potentially unsafe situations.	~ Parental disclosure of serious harm to the child.
	~ Child is left at home alone for a short period and this has not compromised their safety (consider age and vulnerability).	~ Parents physical or mental health or disability negatively impacts on ability to meet the needs of the child.  ~ Parent /carer is not presenting the child to health	~ Parent is unable to assess and manage serious risk to the child from others within their family and social network.
	~ Young Carers are undertaking parenting tasks as part of their caring role where parents have poor mental health/physical health/post-natal depression etc.	professionals, when they are presenting mentally unwell, therefor increasing the risk of mental health deterioration.  ~ Professionals are concerned about parental mental health, learning difficulties, drug and alcohol misuse that may impact on ability to care if no coordinated response.	<ul> <li>There is a persistent expectation for a child/young person to undertake inappropriate or overwhelming levels of care.</li> <li>Carers level of anxiety regarding their child's health is significantly harming the child's development.</li> </ul>



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	Parents and Carers - emo	tional warmth and stability	
~ Consistent parenting offering positive praise and encouragement.  ~ Parents/carers are aspirational for their children.  ~ Positive attachments with primary carers and significant others.	<ul> <li>Inconsistent parenting, but development not significantly impaired.</li> <li>Parent struggling to adjust to their role as a parent impacted by external factors such as mental health, social financial factors.</li> <li>Inconsistent responses to child.</li> <li>Failure to pick up on the child's emotional cues.</li> <li>Parents ability to cope with needs of disabled child requesting support.</li> <li>Key relationships with family not always maintained.</li> <li>Unstable family environment.</li> <li>Child under significant pressure to achieve/aspire.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inconsistent/ erratic parenting impacting emotional or behavioural development.</li> <li>Parents inability to engage emotionally with child leads to developmental milestones not being met.</li> <li>Family environment is volatile and unstable resulting in a negative impact on the child, leading to possible vulnerabilities and exploitative relationships.</li> <li>Parent or carer unable to judge dangerous situations, set appropriate boundaries.</li> <li>Multiple carers that are impacting negatively on the child's experience.</li> <li>Parent ignores child or is consistently inappropriate in responding to child. Allegations of verbal threats to the child.</li> <li>Child rarely comforted when distressed.</li> </ul>	~ Inconsistent, highly critical and apathetic parenting significantly impairing emotional or behavioural development of the child.  ~ Family breakdown and parent/ carer not able to care for the child/ young person any longer – requesting the child/ young person to be accommodated by the Local Authority.  ~ Parents ability to cope with needs of disabled child.  ~ Evidence of child being groomed.  ~ Parents no longer able to ensure the safety and welfare of their child/children without support.
	Parents and Carers - guidance	ce, boundaries and stimulation	
~ Age appropriate and consistent guidance, boundaries and stimulation offered.	<ul> <li>Lack of routine and inconsistent boundaries.</li> <li>Poor supervision within the home.</li> <li>Anti-social behaviour in community.</li> <li>Parents failing to challenge any inappropriate viewpoint.</li> <li>Physical chastisement that does not cause physical injury.</li> <li>Inappropriate behaviour management strategies that are likely to cause harm to the child, ie stress positions.</li> <li>Threatening and frightening behaviour towards the child by an adult.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Parent provides inconsistent boundaries or responses that are impacting on the child's welfare.</li> <li>Parents enforcing unrealistic boundaries and guidance that is impacting on the child's welfare.</li> <li>Child not receiving positive stimulation with lack of new experiences or activities that are impacting severely on a child's development.</li> <li>Parents look to child/young person to meet their emotional needs which is impacting on the child's emotional wellbeing.</li> </ul>	~ Consistent lack of effective boundaries set by the parent leading to risk of serious harm to the child.